# **Gymnastics Coverage Overview**



### EYFS Statutory Educational Programme and National Curriculum

#### **EYFS**

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

#### Key stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

#### Key stage 2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis],
   and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns
- take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

National Curriculum – yellow highlights where this links more with the gymnastics strand of the curriculum

Gymnastics is taught in Early Years in short blocks, alternating between dance and gymnastics. It is understood that there are a lot of elements of Physical Development that support the children in their progression of gymnastic skills that they access via Continuous Provision. There are also elements of the fundamentals sessions led by our sports coach which also develop key skills used within gymnastics.

Further detail to be added for nursery

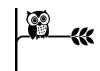
### Nursery

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Physical Development	No specific gymnast	ics sessions	High and Low			Travelling, Stopping and Making Shapes

### Reception

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Physical Development	Indoor PE: Settling in and establishing safe routines in the hall, listening to instructions,		Gym: Flight, bouncing, landing and jumping Rocking and rolling	rolling	Gym: Rocking and rolling  Gym in the jungle	Gym: Gym in the jungle

being able to find safe space.			
	<ul> <li>Flight, bouncing, landing and jumping:</li> <li>Jump in a variety of ways</li> <li>Construct a simple jumping sequence with a partner</li> <li>Jump showing good technique throughout take-off and landing.</li> <li>Control a star jump and pencil jump</li> <li>Jump through turns with control</li> <li>Jump and show a tucked body shape in the air</li> <li>Jump as part of a sequence of other movements.</li> <li>Change leg positions whilst in the air</li> <li>Execute a variety of jumps and leaps with control.</li> <li>Include jumps and leaps in sequence work on the floor and apparatus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rock on different body parts</li> <li>Perform a sequence of moves where the child is able to transfer the weight from one part of their body to another</li> <li>Travel from a rock into a roll</li> <li>Perform a log and egg roll with control and as part of a sequence.</li> <li>Roll sideways and forwards with control</li> <li>Be able to Leap</li> <li>Be able to Scissor kick</li> <li>Perform varieties of pencil rolls</li> <li>Jump from low apparatus in different ways</li> <li>Perform in canon with a partner</li> <li>Demonstrate 3 different ways of rolling with good control.</li> <li>Move from one roll to another by rocking.</li> <li>Give good feedback to a partner</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gym in the jungle:</li> <li>To develop the ability to move in a range of ways.</li> <li>To increase the ability to move around and onto equipment.</li> <li>To increase the ability to move under and onto equipment.</li> <li>To increase the ability to move over and onto equipment.</li> <li>To increase the ability to move through and onto equipment.</li> <li>To combine movements together while negotiating different equipment.</li> </ul>



### Key Stage One and Two Gymnastics Overview

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 1	Balancing and spinning on points and patches (autumn 1)	Pathways small and long (spring 1)	Wide, narrowed and curled rolling and balancing (summer 1)
Year 2	Pathways – straight, zigzag and curving (autumn 1)	Spinning, turning and twisting (spring 1)	Stretching, curling and arching (summer 1)
Year 3	Linking movements together (autumn 1)	Receiving body weight (spring 1)	Symmetry and asymmetry (partners) (summer 1)
Year 4			
Year 5	Matching, mirroring and contrast (autumn 2)	Partner work – under and over (spring 2)	Synchronisation and canon (summer 2)
Year 6	Counter balance and counter tension (autumn 2)	Flight (spring 2)	Group sequencing (summer 2)

### Specific Objective Coverage

#### DETAIL TO BE ADDED FOR NURSERY

### **Reception:**

Flight, bouncing, landing and jumping:

- Jump in a variety of ways
- Construct a simple jumping sequence with a partner
- Jump showing good technique throughout take-off and landing.
- Control a star jump and pencil jump
- Jump through turns with control
- Jump and show a tucked body shape in the air
- Jump as part of a sequence of other movements.
- Change leg positions whilst in the air
- Execute a variety of jumps and leaps with control.
- Include jumps and leaps in sequence work on the floor and apparatus

#### Rocking and Rolling:

- Rock on different body parts
- Perform a sequence of moves where the child is able to transfer the weight from one part of their body to another
- Travel from a rock into a roll
- Perform a log and egg roll with control and as part of a sequence.
- Roll sideways and forwards with control
- Be able to Leap
- Be able to Scissor kick
- Perform varieties of pencil rolls
- Jump from low apparatus in different ways
- Perform in canon with a partner
- Demonstrate 3 different ways of rolling with good control.
- Move from one roll to another by rocking.
- Give good feedback to a partner

#### Gym in the jungle:

- To develop the ability to move in a range of ways.
- To increase the ability to move around and onto equipment.
- To increase the ability to move under and onto equipment.
- To increase the ability to move over and onto equipment.
- To increase the ability to move through and onto equipment.
- To combine movements together while negotiating different equipment.

Pathways - Small & Long (Y1 - KS1) Skills **Step** in controlled elegant movements

Create a sequence involving stepping and turning

**Push** and **pull** myself along the ground on different parts of my body

Form a sequence by travelling in specified **pathways** Step and **turn** gracefully

Travel at high levels to trace a pattern on the floor

**Jump** in different pathways with **coordination** 

Perform a sequence in **zig zag** pathway

Create sequences in curved pathways on the floor and on the apparatus

**Travel** across the floor like a spider

Use different pathways within a sequence

Mount and dismount apparatus using different pathways

### Pathways - Small & Long (Y1 - KS1) Knowledge

How to form interesting starting positions

How to form **symmetrical** and **asymmetrical** arm positions

Some different pathways to travel in

To start my sequences in clearly defined **shapes** 

How to turn to my **right** and **left** elegantly

Different ways of **changing direction** 

How to share **space** considerately

How to **link** skills to perform actions

To use a variety of work at different levels

That changes of direction make my work more aesthetically pleasing How to **mount** and **dismount** apparatus imaginatively and safely

That my sequence work needs to **flow** from one move to the next

### Gymnastics - Wide, Narrow & Curled Rolling & Balancing (Y1 KS1) Skills

**Travel** and **balance** with my body in a wide shape

Take up wide balances and spin in **wide** body positions

Take my own body weight and move in tight curled shapes

Create a sequence of **curled** movements on the floor and apparatus

Form a sequence of long shapes whilst in **balance**, **motion** and **flight** 

Transfer some of my floor work onto the apparatus

Move from **narrow** shapes, to tight curled shapes and back, to form a sequence

Change the **direction** and level of my work

Form a sequence to include a **curled** shape, a **narrow** shape and a **wide** shape

Perform at different levels

Perform a sequence of moves with a partner

Work in curled, long and narrow shapes and moves

# Gymnastics - Wide, Narrow & Curled Rolling & Balancing (Y1 KS1) Knowledge

To **control** my moves and move elegantly from one move to the next

To work at different levels and with changes of direction

What **inversion** is

How to feedback to a partner

To find a good starting position on the floor or apparatus

To control my movements

What a **contrast** is

Why changing **level** and **direction** are important

How to share the apparatus

To give constructive feedback

How to work with a partner to agree a sequence

Different ways of performing with a partner

### **Gymnastics - Pathways: Straight, Zigzag & Curving (Y2 KS1) Skills**

Jump with a 90 degree turn

Turn through 180 degrees

Jump through **180** and **270** degrees from a standing start

Create a sequence in zig zag pathways

Demonstrate variety in my movements

Demonstrate zig zag and straight pathways in my sequence work

Perform with **control** and adaptations to my original work

Perform a sequence of moves in a **curved pathway** 

Improve my work by acting upon feedback

Travel **backwards** and **sideways** as part of a sequence

**Link** my movements together well

Perform a variety of moves on floor and apparatus using different pathways

Make my sequences **flow** 

# **Gymnastics - Pathways: Straight, Zigzag & Curving (Y2 KS1) Knowledge**

What a 90, 180 and 270 degree turn looks like

How to take off one foot and then spring from 2 feet into a jump

What a zig zag pathway is

That feedback is essential to help me improve

What a curved pathway is

Different gymnastic moves that fit nicely into performing in a curved pathway

What **mirroring** is

Ways that I can adapt work to make it even better	How to perform in synchrony with a partner
The importance of changes of level and direction	Good ways of <b>transitioning</b> from one move to the next
	How to make my performances aesthetically pleasing
Gymnastics - Spinning, Turning & Twisting (Y2 KS1) Skills	
Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination	Perform <b>counter balances</b> against the apparatus
Perform a <b>twist</b> and then <b>roll</b>	Work in synchronisation with a partner to perform different balances
Change my <b>pathway</b> after each roll by <b>spinning</b>	and twists
Change the point of contact in <b>balances</b> by leading into the next	Work with a partner in <b>counter balance</b> and <b>counter tension</b>
balance by twisting	Mirror the moves of my partner
Twist my body, whilst firstly in motion and then in balance	Create a sequence of work with a clear start and controlled twists,
Twist whilst in <b>inversion</b>	spins and turns
Gymnastics - Spinning, Turning & Twisting (Y2 KS1)	
Knowledge	

What a twist is Ways of twisting with different body parts How to perform a fluent routine where work is controlled and varied What the difference between a turn and a twist is.  Gymnastics - Stretching, Curling & Arching (Y2 KS1)	How to counter balance using the apparatus How to coordinate movements at the same time as my partner. What he difference between counter balance and and counter tension is How to up-level my work How to use transitional movements to link my ideas
Skills	
Travel in curled positions Support my own body weight in curled positions Stretch whilst in balance Create a sequence which flows and involves arching and stretching Create a sequence with seamless transitions between stretches and curls Arch my body Stretch and curl whilst performing a variety of gymnastic movements	Show <b>inversion</b> and <b>counter</b> balance using the apparatus Form <b>front</b> and <b>back supports</b> Demonstrate a variety of ways of travelling into and out of supports Perform a sequence with clear <b>starting</b> and <b>finishing positions</b> Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work
Gymnastics - Stretching, Curling & Arching (Y2 KS1) Knowledge	
What a curled shape looks like That I can magpie ideas from others What points are How to form arches with my body	The difference between stretching and curling How to 'perform' with good starting and finishing positions, good eye focus and a positive confident demeanour How to share the apparatus and space with others

The importance of working at different levels and with different dynamics

How to give good feedback to a partner

A range of different types of jumps and which are stretched and which are curled

That timing is important in a routine

To perform with changes of level, direction and speed

### **Gymnastics - Linking Movements Together (Y3 KS2) Skills**

**Step** gracefully and with control

Turn through 90, 180, 270 and 360 degrees Spin on **points** and **patches** 

Hold balances with good control

Find ways of moving out of one balance and into another Show different graceful ways of getting from floor to ground and vice versa

Link **high** and **low** moves

Explore a variety of rolls

Create a sequence of rolls and balance Travel on patches close to the ground

Perform with work at **contrasting** levels

Perform a range of gymnastic movements at my own level

**Link** movements seamlessly

### **Gymnastics - Linking Movements Together (Y3 KS2) Knowledge**

The difference between a **point** and a **patch** 

How to **spin** with **control** 

The importance of working at different **levels** 

How to move from one shape to another smoothly

The importance of **contrasts** in my work

How to perform symmetrically and asymmetrically

How to use the **space** available to the best of my ability

The importance of **control** in everything I do

The importance of a **good starting position** and **finishing** position

To move with control with good quality transitions between movements

The importance of uplevelling my work and acting upon feedback My own ability and choose to perform moves which are within my limitations

Gymnastics -	Receiving	<b>Body</b>	Weight	<b>(Y3 –</b>	KS2)
Skills					

Take weight on patches

Create **asymmetrical** and **symmetrical** shapes in **balances** on **patches** 

Take body weight on my back and shoulders, both in balance and in **motion** 

Perform in front of my peers with physical confidence Take weight on my hands as part of a sequence of moves Go into **inversion** 

Take my weight on my back, bottom and shoulders both in balance and in motion

Perform shoulder and teddy bear rolls

Take my weight on my back, bottom and shoulders both in balance and in motion

Perform with control and a range of dynamics

Receive, and hold, my own body weight through a variety of points and patches, both in balance and in motion

### **Gymnastics - Receiving Body Weight (Y3 – KS2) Knowledge**

The difference between symmetrical and asymmetrical work

The importance of clarity in my shapes

What inversion is

How to feedback constructively to a partner

How to perform a cartwheel

A variety of moves where I can take weight on hands

The importance of good timing and control in my movements

The technique for rolling safely on my shoulders and in a teddy bear roll

How to travel like a spider

What points and patches are

Share the apparatus space with others

## **Gymnastics - Symmetry & Asymmetry (Partners) (Y3 – KS2) Skills**

Create a sequence using different **spins** on **patches**Perform with smooth **transitions** 

Create a sequence of **spins** on **points** at different levels and with smooth **transitions** 

Forward roll

Perform a series of **symmetrical** and **asymmetrical** rolls with a partner

Work in different **formations** 

Walk like a giraffe

Spin **symmetrically** and **asymmetrically** on points and patches Work at different **levels** 

Perform in **unison** with others

Create a sequence using a range of symmetrical and asymmetrical gymnastic moves

Alternate between performing **symmetrically** and **asymmetrically** 

# Gymnastics – Symmetry & Asymmetry (Partners) (Y3 – KS2) Knowledge

How to use feedback to improve my sequencing work The importance of working with control and good transitions between movements

What symmetrical and symmetrical shapes look like The importance of clear starting and finishing positions How to work constructively with a partner
Different ways of performing with a partner
How to work in time with a partner
How to listen to peer assessment and use the comments to uplevel
my work

### **Gymnastics - Partner Work - Under and Over (Y5 – KS2) Skills**

Roll over my partner who is in a long pencil shape Form strong arches and bridges

Create a sequence with a partner involving supporting body weight on front and back

Leapfrog others safely

Create opportunities for others to travel over and under me

Work with a partner, to travel over and under, on both floor and benches

Travel in lots of interesting ways over benches, creating **fluent** and **controlled** sequences

Travel over a partner by taking my weight on my hands

**Spin** from a **front** to a **back**, over my partner who is in a pencil shape

Work over and under on the floor and apparatus

Perform with good technique and support seamless transitions

Gymnastics - Partner Work - Under and Over (Y5 - KS2) Knowledge	
That I need to get some momentum through my forward and backward rolls to be able to get back to my feet What an arch and bridge are How to leapfrog safely	How to vary the speed of my movements, to demonstrate contrast How to refine sequences ensuring real quality in my work How to perform to an audience
<b>Gymnastics - Synchronisation &amp; Canon (Y5 – KS2) Skills</b>	
Slide, scramble, push and spin Work with a partner to create a sequence Perform in canon to a consistent <b>tempo</b> , so that my sequence <b>flow</b> Create a sequence working at different <b>levels</b> and with different <b>dynamics</b> Perform balances on <b>patches</b> and in <b>unison</b> , and <b>rolls</b> in <b>canon</b> Work <b>symmetrically</b> and <b>asymmetrically</b>	Perform in a group demonstrating different <b>dynamics</b> - changes of <b>level</b> , <b>speed</b> and <b>direction</b> Perform a routine as a group, displaying <b>canon</b> and <b>unison</b> Work in different <b>pathways</b> with my group
Gymnastics - Synchronisation & Canon (Y5 - KS2) Knowledge	
How to use feedback to up level my work How to coordinate my moves, in time with my partner What counter tension balances are What unison and canon are How to work in symmetry and asymmetrically	How to work cooperatively and collaboratively with others How to perform

Gymnastics - Matching, Mirroring & Contrast (Y5 – KS2) Skills	
Perform matching moves with a partner within a sequence Hold balances on different numbers of <b>points of contact</b> Control an <b>Arabesque</b> Contrast my partner's moves so that we work at different levels and in different paths Perform a sequence, mirroring a partner's <b>symmetrical</b> and asymmetrical shapes	Perform a sequence with a partner, which moves from matching moves to contrasting Work as a group to demonstrate fluent routines involving mirroring and contrasts Perform elements of unison and canon in a group routine
Gymnastics - Matching, Mirroring & Contrast (Y5 – KS2) Knowledge	
Some interesting ways of transition from one move to another How to perform an Arabesque To use gymnastic terminology in my feedback How to mirror in unison with my partner	The importance of timing and how to ensure I work in synchrony with my partner How to communicate and negotiate to agree a sequence as a group How to perform effectively in canon
<b>Gymnastics - Counter-Balance &amp; Counter Tension (Y6 - KS2) Skills</b>	
Hold controlled balances on a variety of <b>points</b> and <b>patches</b> on a given number of body parts Create a sequence of moves in <b>unison</b> with a partner Evaluate the work of others (using correct technical language)	Hold a range of symmetrical and asymmetrical balances counter balances with a partner Use my own body weight in opposition to the apparatus Link skills to perform actions and sequences Perform a sequence in canon at different levels

# Hold a range of **symmetrical** and **asymmetrical counterbalances**

I can work at different levels with weight on a variety of points and patches

Create a sequence of moves in unison with a partner Roll as part of a **balancing** and **rolling** sequence

Link asymmetrical counter tension balances and counterbalances using **transitional** moves

Perform asymmetrical counterbalances in a sequence, using canon or unison

Use the apparatus and/or pupils when balancing

# **Gymnastics - Counter-Balance & Counter Tension (Y6 - KS2) Knowledge**

How to links skills to perform actions and sequences of movement Technical language associated with gymnastics

What counter balancing is

How to perform in unison

What push and pull forces are.

How to use a range of dynamics to make my sequence aesthetically pleasing

How to peer assess

A range of pathways

What counter tension is

What the difference between counter tension and counter balance is How to perform effectively in canon

How to use a combination of canon and unison in a group sequence

#### Gymnastics - Flight (Y6 - KS2) Skills

Take off, from one foot and two feet

Gain **elevation** from a powerful run and dynamic **take off** 

Take off from one foot and two

Create shapes whilst in flight

Land with **soft knees** and in a strong **symmetrical** position

Share **space** and apparatus safely with others

**Mount** and **dismount** the apparatus safely in imaginative ways **Leapfrog** 

Perform jumps gracefully

A range of interesting jumps

Explore different **levels** in my sequences to include flight and travelling close to the ground

Work to create a sequence as a group

### **Gymnastics – Flight (Y6 – KS2)**

Knowledge	
How to land safely A variety of shapes in the air How to use apparatus as part of my jumping How to make my jumps aesthetically pleasing To take off one foot and then spring from two into flight What safe mounts and dismounts look like	How to leapfrog safely Different ways of linking movements and jumps How to use different pathways within my flight sequence What canon and unison are The importance of timing when performing as a group
Gymnastics - Group Sequencing (Y6 - KS2) Skills	
Work in a group of 4 to create a sequence of <b>rolls</b> Perform in <b>unison</b> with others Create a sequence where <b>starting</b> and <b>finishing points</b> are clearly defined Work in a group of 6 to create a sequence involving different <b>formations</b> and <b>pathways</b> Work as part of a team to create a sequence involving <b>flight</b> Create a sequence working at different <b>levels</b> and with different <b>dynamics</b> Spin on a variety of <b>points</b> and <b>patches</b>	Take weight on my hands in different ways Travel on different body parts Perform a sequence as a group with changes in <b>direction</b> , <b>level</b> and <b>speed</b> Create sequences with <b>pathways</b> that cross <b>Mirror asymmetrical</b> body shapes within a group Time my moves within a group sequence
Gymnastics - Group Sequencing (Y6 - KS2) Knowledge	
What unison is  How to transition from one roll to another  How to jump safely  How to mount and dismount apparatus safely  What points and patches are	How to change the dynamics within a sequence How to adapt a floor sequence to make it work on the apparatus How to perform in front of an audience

What mirroring, canon and unison are

Knowledge key words which have been highlighted are those which children will be encouraged to use when peer and self-assessing.